

# TaskLet

**A Distributed and AI-Assisted Framework for  
Multimodal Psycholinguistic Tasks**



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# The Challenge

## **Cognitive & psycholinguistic research needs flexible digital infrastructure**

- Heterogeneous tasks (reading, lexical decision, questionnaires, gamified activities)
- Diverse populations: children, adults, elderly – across multiple languages
- Need for structured, reproducible, open data pipelines (Open Science)

## **Existing tools fall short**

- Tightly coupled architectures: each task needs its own infrastructure
- No unified user & campaign management across studies
- Limited support for multimodal signals (touch, audio, eye-tracking)

# TaskLet: What Is It?

## Core platform

- Built on **Moodle** — open-source LMS
- Centralized user, campaign & task management
- Runs on desktop, laptop, tablet & mobile

## Plugin architecture

- Each task = independent web app (plugin)
- Task-independent protocol via WEB-APIs
- JSON output — open data & reproducible science

## Supported task types

- Reading assessment (finger-tracking + speech)
- Lexical decision tasks
- Questionnaires & gamified cognitive activities
- Rapid object naming, puzzle composition

## Infrastructure

- Developed within **H2IOSC** (Italian Open Science Cloud)
- Hosted on **GARR Cloud**, ComPhys Lab (CNR-ILC, Pisa)

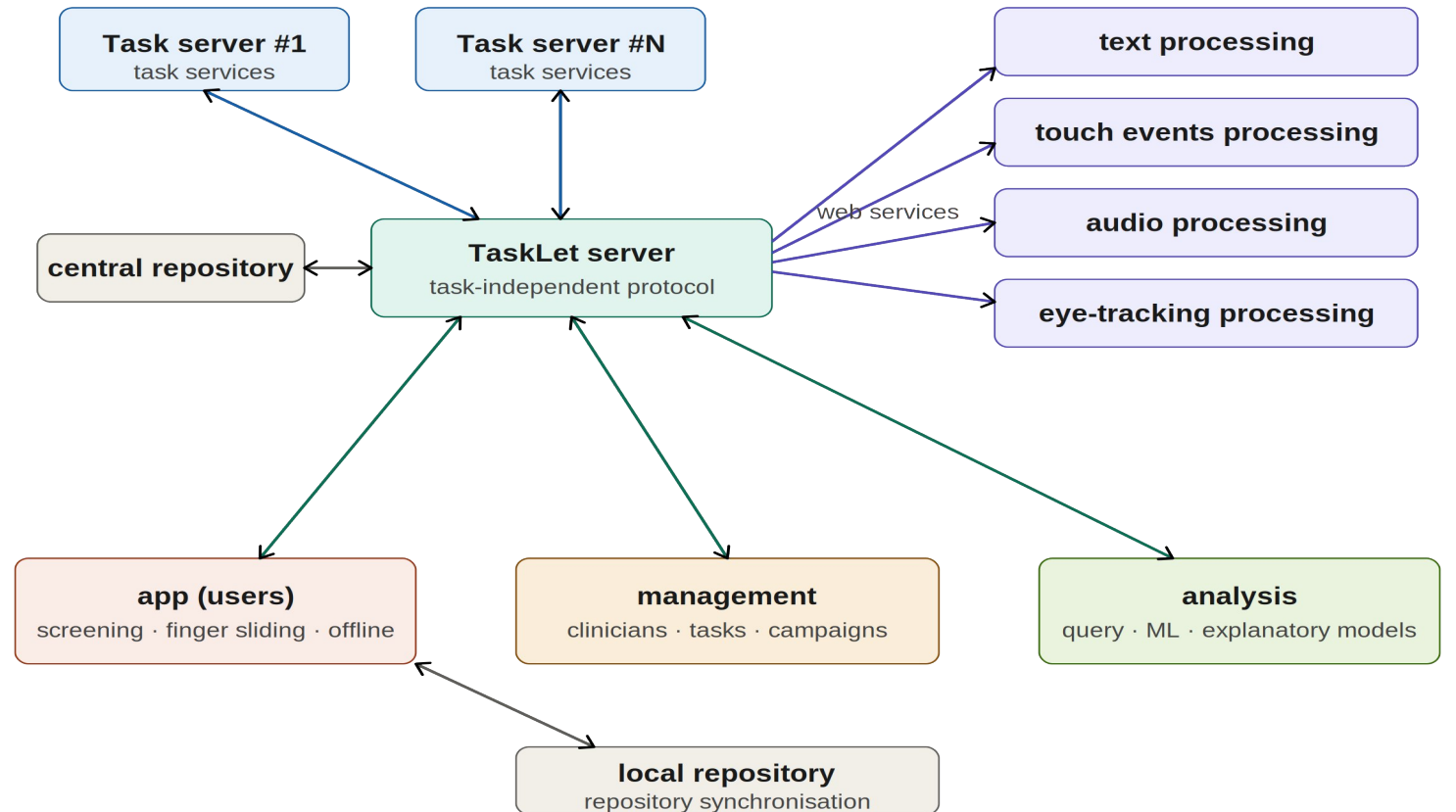
# System Architecture

## Three access layers

- **App (users):** screening, finger-sliding, offline
- **Web (clinicians):** manage users, tasks, campaigns
- **API (researchers):** query, ML, analysis

## Signal processing

- Text, touch events, audio, eye-tracking
- Decoupled: TaskLet has no task knowledge



# Use Case: ReadLet – Multimodal Reading Assessment

## What ReadLet captures

- Finger-tracking on text (touch events)
- Speech during silent & aloud reading
- Comprehension questionnaires
- Figures, oral & text annotation tasks

## Post-processing outputs

- Speech transcription (ASR)
- Reading time on letters, syllables, words
- Finger-to-text alignment & reading speed

## Languages supported

- Italian, Bulgarian, Hebrew, Arabic
- French, German, English + more

## Hosted & published

- GARR Cloud • ComPhys Lab, CNR-ILC
- Dataset published at LREC-COLING 2024

## Reading as a multi-sensory task

- Visual + motor + linguistic signals combined
- Markers for reading difficulties & dyslexia

# ReadLet – Post-Processing Visualization

time (1.0x): 00:00:46 +0.000 / 00:04:21 (18/25 fps)

Stella è una piccola strega. Ha i capelli neri, gli occhi azzurri e la pelle bianca come il latte. Vive con sua mamma Luna in una casa in mezzo al bosco. La sera in cui è nata c'erano tante stelle nel cielo. Ed è per questo che si chiama così.

Stella è sempre stata una bambina felice con un grande sorriso. Ha tante amiche con cui inventa nuovi giochi. Aiuta la mamma Luna nelle faccende di casa. Ama molto gli animali che vivono nel bosco. Porta sempre loro cibo e acqua fresca.

Negli ultimi mesi però la piccola Stella è spesso triste. Si sente stanca e non ha voglia di uscire con le amiche. In alcune giornate capita poi che le lacrime scendano sul suo viso. Mamma Luna è perciò sempre attenta a ottenere uno dei suoi rari sorrisi.

DECODING (FTA-CONV\_v03-ASR)

user (967) - 7 years and 9 months, M, 2nd - aloud (3263, FINGERTRACKER) - Stella e Luna (IT)  
ep. #1/2 (eid = 0), page #2/4 (gid = 1)

# Who Does It Serve?

## **Preschool & school-age children**

Early literacy precursors • Reading difficulties • Dyslexia • DLD • Multimodal signals for diagnosis

## **Multilingual learners**

Cross-linguistic reading development • Italian, Bulgarian, Hebrew, Arabic studies

## **Adults & elderly**

Cognitive decline monitoring • MCI screening • Aphasia • Executive-function deficits

# AI Integration & Future Directions

## Current capabilities

- Automated speech recognition (ASR) on reading recordings
- Token boundary detection in disfluent speech
- Machine learning on multimodal trial data for statistical analysis

## Next steps

- AI-driven literacy assessment for early precursors in preschool children
- Natural language interfaces to query the platform (researchers & clinicians)
- Explainable AI models for cognitive assessment
- Integration of new task types as plugins (expandable ecosystem)

# Conclusions

## What TaskLet delivers

- Scalable, plugin-based infrastructure
- Multimodal data collection across populations
- Open Science data sharing via WEB-APIs
- Foundation for AI-driven cognitive assessment

## Ethics

- Declaration of Helsinki • CNR Ethics approval
- Anonymised data • Responsible handling for sensitive populations

## Key references

- [1] Ferro et al. (2024). ReadLet dataset. LREC-COLING 2024.
- [2] Marzi et al. (2026). Bulgarian-Italian reading. Languages, 11(3).
- [3] Marzi et al. (2025). Oral reading as multi-sensory task. Lingue e Linguaggio.
- [4] Srivastava et al. (2025). Token boundary detection. Intelligent Systems.

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