



# SDN Architecture for IPv6 Segment Routing Enabled Networks

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# Outline

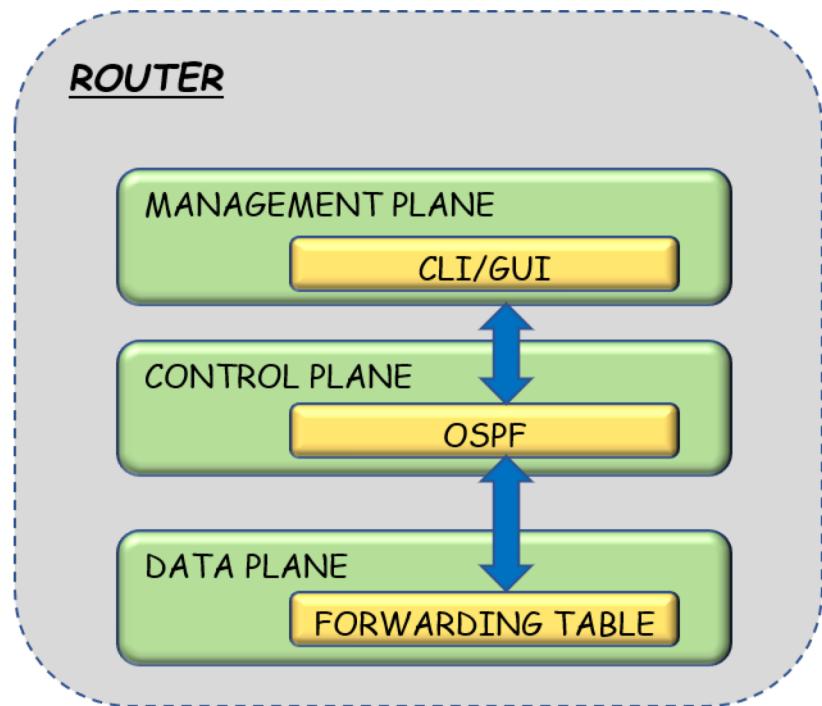
- Introduction to **SDN**
- Introduction to **SRv6**
- **Goals and Objectives**
- **We are working on...**
  - SDN-SRv6 Architecture
  - SRv6-based VPN
- **Our plans for the future**
  - VPN-TE
  - SRv6-OpenStack integration





# Introduction to SDN (1/2)

From **traditional networks**...

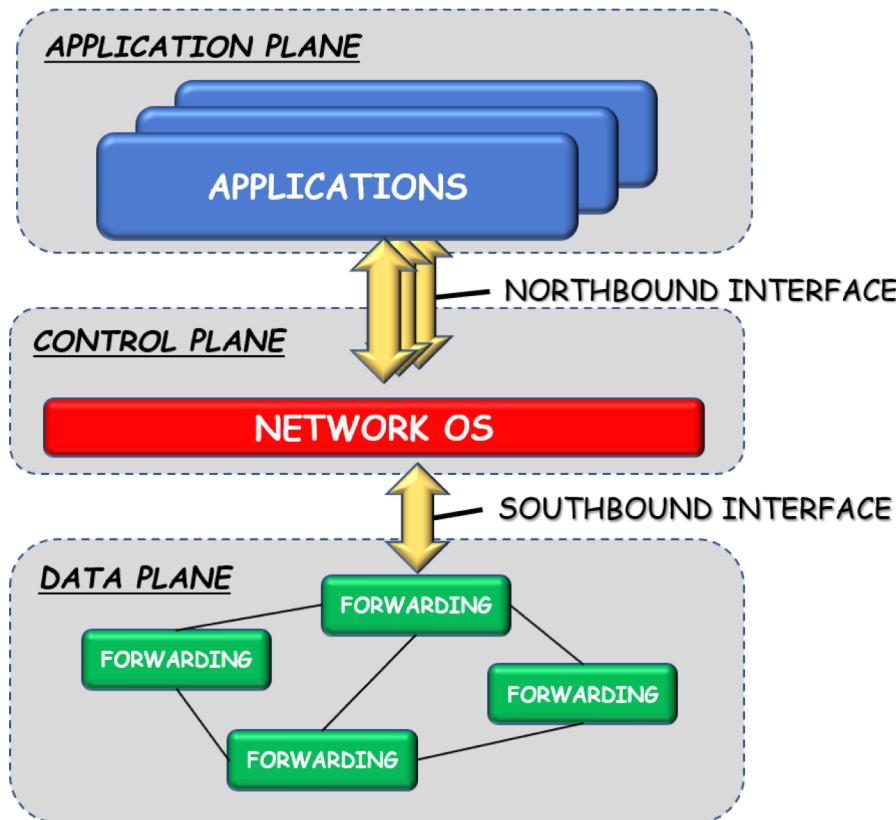


- **Integration** control plane / data plane
  - Control plane: routing protocols (e.g. OSPF)
  - Data plane: forwarding mechanisms
- Specialized **expensive hardware**
- Architecture **not much flexible**



# Introduction to SDN (2/2)

...to **SDN paradigm**



- Control plane / data plane **separation**
- Several **advantages**
  - More flexibility
  - More services
  - Costs reduction



# Introduction to SRv6

- **Segment routing** is a form of **source routing**
- It can use **MPLS** or **IPv6** as **dataplane technology**
  - In our project we consider IPv6 dataplane (**SRv6**)
- In SRv6 **segments** are IPv6 addresses
- The instructions are encoded in the packet header (**SRH**)
- High **scalability**
- Provides a **new way** to implement SDN paradigm





# Goals and Objectives

## 1. Defining a **SDN architecture based on SRv6**

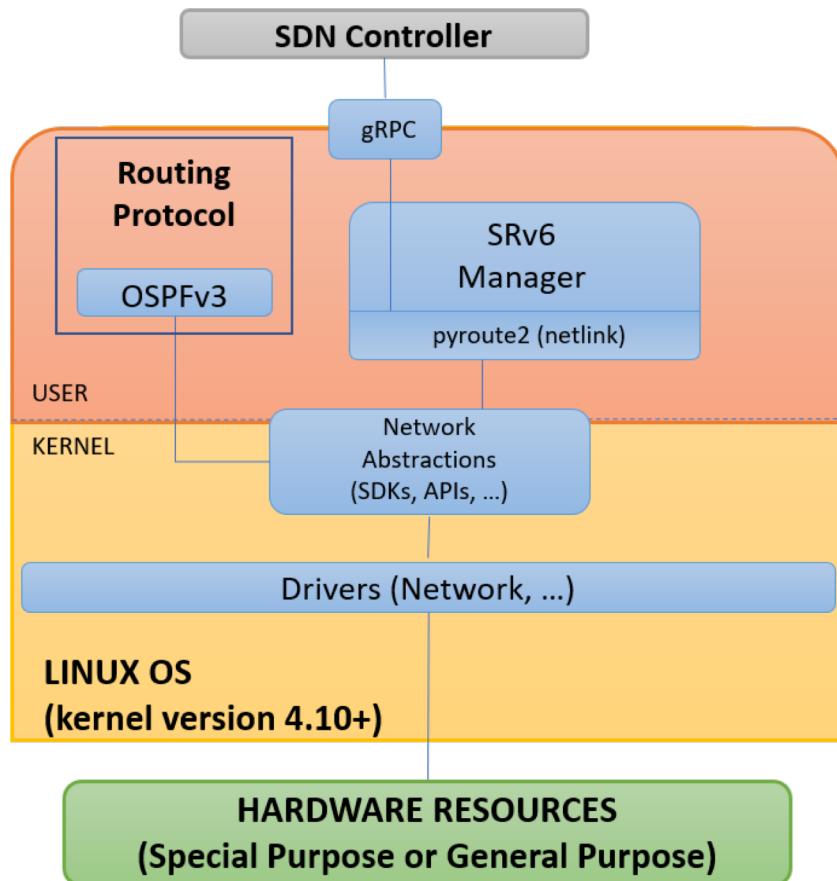
- Realization of a **SRv6 enabled node**
- Realization of a **Southbound protocol** based on gRPC

## 2. Study of two use cases

- Traffic Engineered Virtual Private Networks (**VPN-TE**)
- Integration** within a **cloud orchestrator** (e.g. OpenStack)



# SDN-SRv6 Architecture (1/3): SRv6 enabled node



Our implementation uses

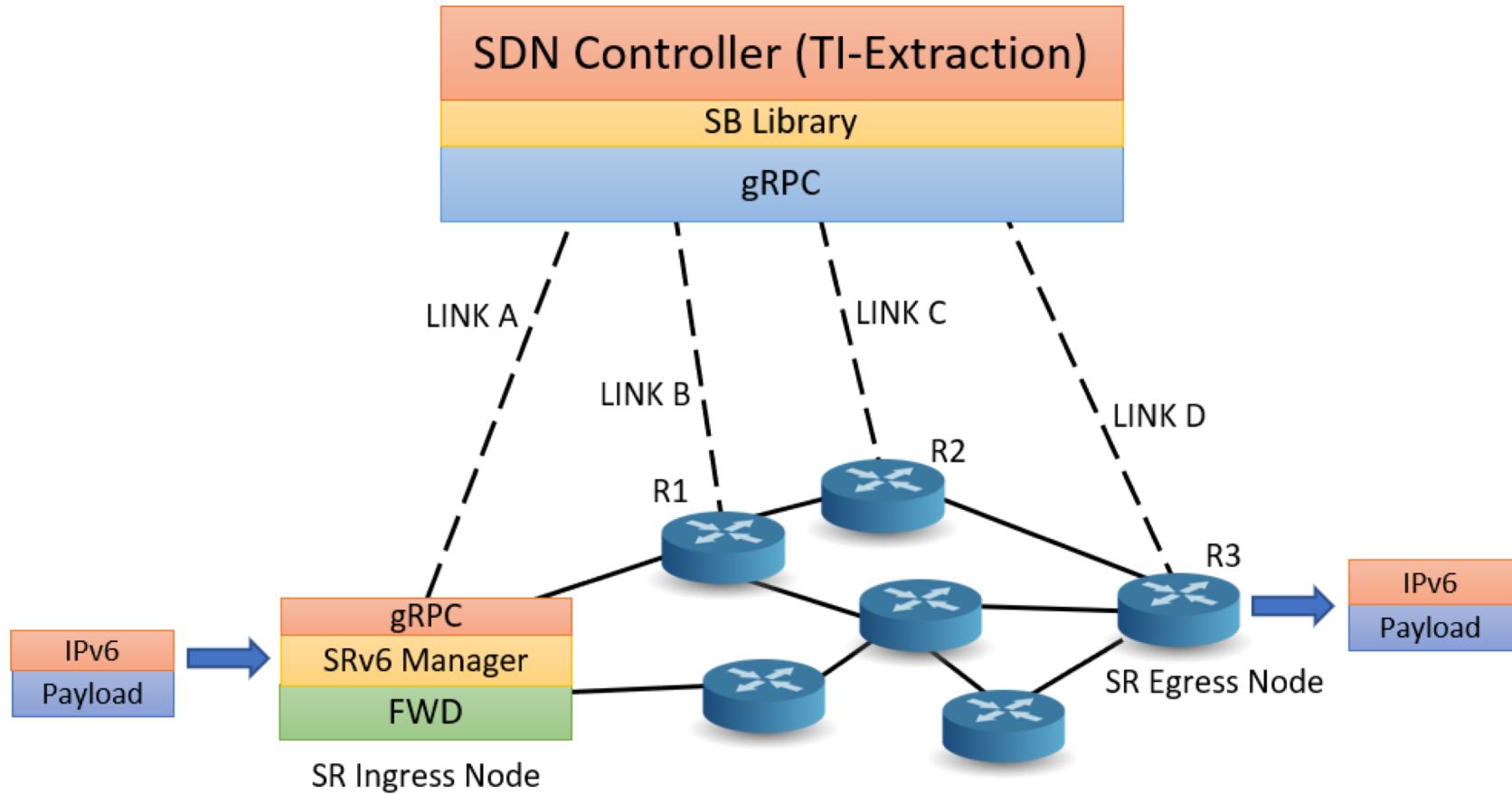
- ❑ **Commodity hardware**
- ❑ Linux Kernel **general purpose** distribution
- ❑ Quagga implementation of **OSPFv3**

We are developing

- ❑ **Southbound protocol** based on gRPC
- ❑ **SRv6 Manager** written in Python



## SDN-SRv6 Architecture (2/3): overview





# SDN-SRv6 Architecture (3/3): TI extraction example

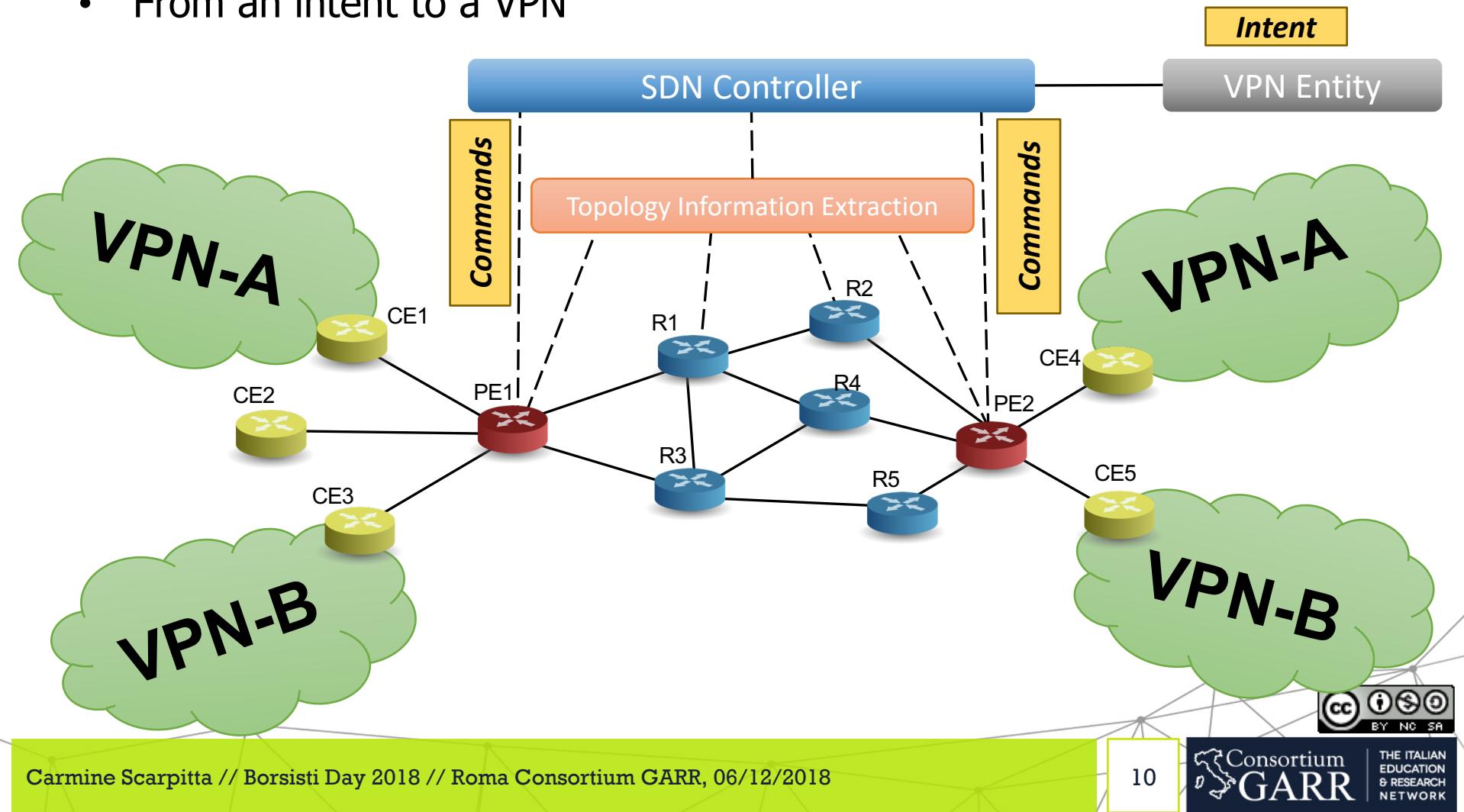
```
"nodes": [  
  {  
    "id": "fdf0:0:0:6::/64",  
    "type": "stub_network"  
  },  
  ...  
  
  {  
    "id": "0.0.0.1",  
    "interfaces": {  
      "ads1-eth1": "fdf0::1/64",  
      "ads1-eth2": "fdf0:0:0:1::1/64",  
      "ads1-eth3": "fdf0:0:0:3::1/64",  
      "ads1-eth4": "fdf0:0:0:6::1/64",  
      "lo": "fdff::1/128"  
    },  
    "loopbackip": "fdff::1/128",  
    "mgmtip": "2000::1",  
    "type": "router"  
  },  
  ...
```

```
"links": [  
  {  
    "lhs_intf": "ads1-eth1",  
    "lhs_ip": "fdf0::1/64",  
    "net": "fdf0::/64",  
    "rhs_intf": "ads2-eth1",  
    "rhs_ip": "fdf0::2/64",  
    "source": 6,  
    "source_id": "0.0.0.1",  
    "target": 8,  
    "target_id": "0.0.0.2"  
  },  
  ...
```



# SRv6-based VPN (1/3): a use case overview

- From an intent to a VPN





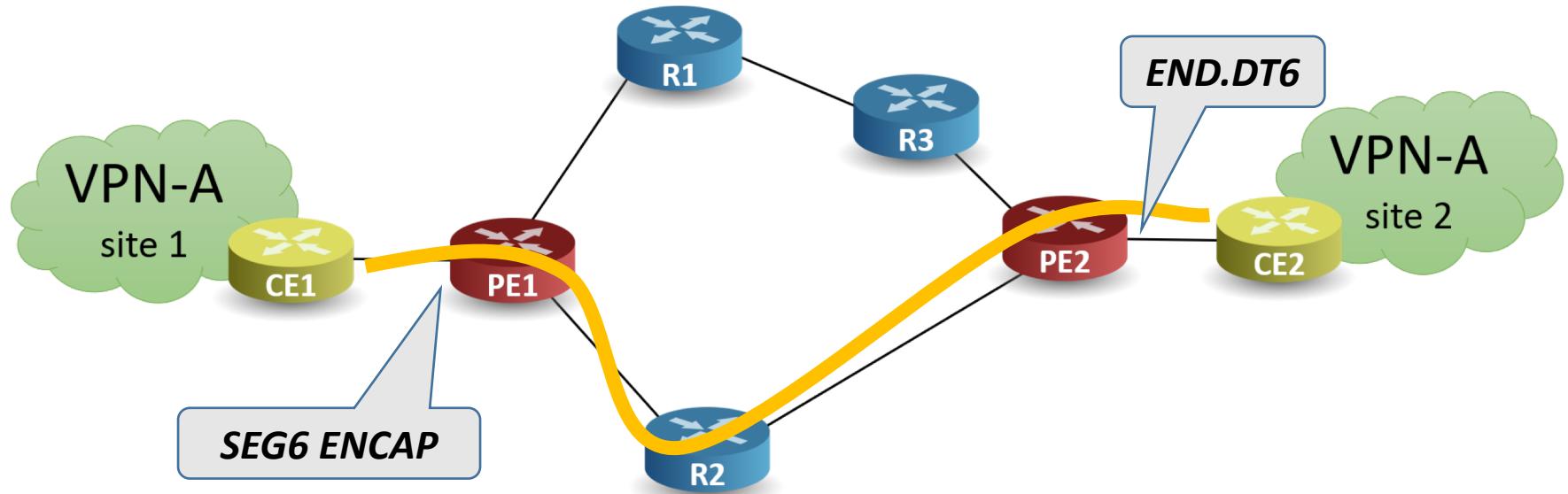
## SRv6-based VPN (2/3): implementation details

- Our solution is based on **Linux VRFs**
- Nothing stored in the **core routers**
- **Edge routers** store interfaces belonging to the VPN
  - Local interfaces
  - Remote interfaces
- The **SDN controller** stores VPNs informations
  - Name
  - Interfaces
  - Table ID
  - SID
  - Tenant ID





## SRv6-based VPN (3/3): an example





# Intent based emulation

- Two types of **emulation**
  - **Mininet emulation**
  - **distributed emulation**  
(VM or physical nodes)
  
- 4 types of nodes:
  - SRv6 enabled **routers**
  - **terminal nodes**
  - **VNF** nodes
  - **SDN controller**
  
- Emulation environment
  - a **web GUI** to design the topology to be emulated
  - **deployment scripts** to configure the nodes
  - the possibility to **run experiments** over the emulated topology





# We are working on...

- Design and realization of a **SRv6 enabled node**
- Design and realization of a **Southbound protocol** based on gRPC
  - Management of SRv6 policies
  - Management of VPN policies
- Design and realization of a **SRv6-based VPN**
- Contribute to the opensource project **Pyroute2**
  - Added seg6local support
- Development of **tools for the emulation** of a SRv6 enabled network



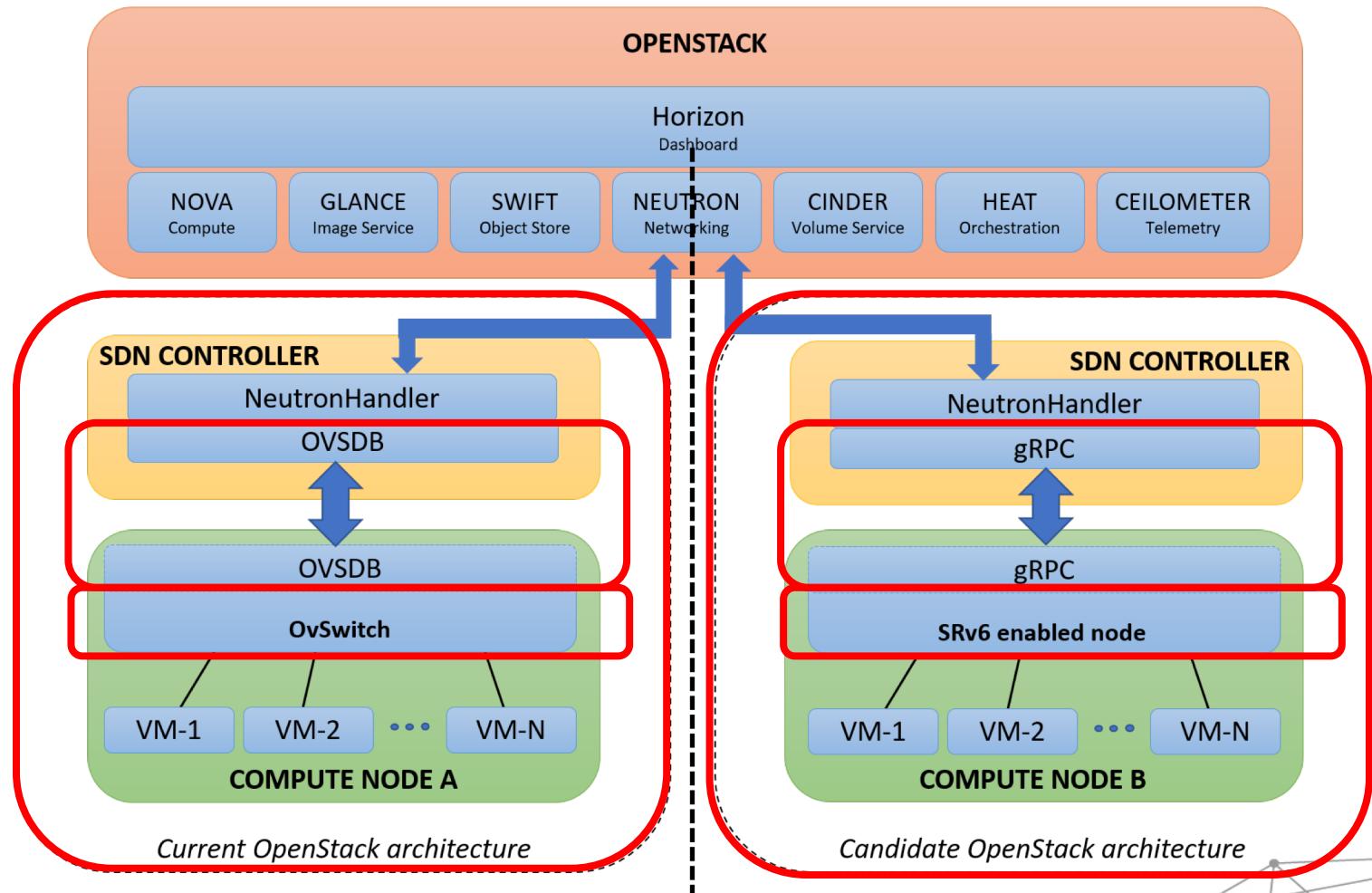


## Our plans for the future

- Development of a **northbound interface** for VPNs
  - **gRPC**
  - Command Line Interface (**CLI**)
- More complex VPN services, such as
  - Traffic Engineered VPNs (**VPN-TE**)
- Implementation of Service Function Chaining (**SFC**) scenarios
- **Integration** within a **cloud orchestrator**



# Integration within a cloud orchestrator: OpenStack



Thanks for your attention!  
Any Questions or Comments?

